PSHE Progression Map

Level Expected at the End of EYFS

The following early years goals are prerequisite skills for PSHE in KS1.

Personal, Social and Emotional Development (Making Relationships)

Children play co-operatively, taking turns with others. They take account of one another's ideas about how to organise their activity. They show sensitivity to others' needs and feelings, and form positive relationships with adults and other children.

Personal, Social and Emotional Development (Self-Confidence and Self-Awareness)

Children are confident to try new activities, and say why they like some activities more than others. They are confident to speak in a familiar group, will talk about their ideas, and will choose the resources they need for their chosen activities. They say when they do or don't need help.

Personal, Social and Emotional Development (Managing Feelings and Behaviour)

Children talk about how they and others show feelings, talk about their own and others' behaviour, and its consequences, and know that some behaviour is unacceptable. They work as part of a group or class, and understand and follow the rules. They adjust their behaviour to different situations, and take changes of routine in their stride.

Physical Development (Health and Self-Care)

Children know the importance for good health of physical exercise, and a healthy diet, and talk about ways to keep healthy and safe.

Understanding the World (People and Communities)

Children talk about events in their own lives and the lives of family members. They know that other children don't always enjoy the same things, and are sensitive to this. They know about similarities and differences between themselves and others, and among families, communities and traditions.

Understanding the World (The World)

Children talk about events in their own lives and the lives of family members. They know that other children don't always enjoy the same things, and are sensitive to this. They know about similarities and differences between themselves and others, and among families, communities and traditions.

Government Guidance

SMSC, Personal Development and Behaviour and Attitude

All schools must show how well they support children's spiritual, moral, social and cultural (SMSC) development, including the promotion of British Values, and the effectiveness of this will be evaluated as part of the 'personal development' judgement of a school inspection. PSHE and Citizenship Education encompasses many of the elements of effective SMSC provision as well as contributing to personal development by equipping pupils with the attributes, knowledge and skills they need to support physical, mental and emotional wellbeing in school and beyond. PSHE and Citizenship education also contributes to the 'behaviour and attitudes' judgement of school inspections

by developing positive attitudes to learning, a positive and respectful culture and by encouraging learners to develop positive behaviour and conduct.

The curriculum for a maintained school [must be] a balanced and broadly-based curriculum which –

- (a) promotes the spiritual, moral, cultural, mental and physical development of pupils at the school and of society, and
- **(b)** prepares pupils at the school for the opportunities, responsibilities and experiences of later life.

Taken from: Section 78 (1) Education Act 2002

Safeguarding

The <u>statutory guidance on safeguarding for children in schools and colleges</u> requires schools to 'ensure that children are taught about safeguarding, including online safety. Schools should consider this as part of providing a broad and balanced curriculum'. Effective PSHE education supports safeguarding by delivering protective learning opportunities on a range of potential safeguarding issues identified by Ofsted in the guidance Inspecting **Safeguarding in Early Years, Education and Skills Settings**, including:

- neglect
- · physical abuse
- · sexual abuse
- · emotional abuse
- · bullying, including online bullying and prejudice-based bullying
- · racist, disability and homophobic or transphobic abuse
- · gender-based violence/violence against women and girls
- · peer-on-peer abuse, such as sexual violence and harassment
- radicalisation and/or extremist behaviour
- risks linked to using technology and social media, including online bullying;
 the risks of being groomed online for exploitation or radicalisation; and risks of accessing and generating inappropriate content, for example 'sexting'
- · substance misuse
- · domestic abuse
- female genital mutilation
- · forced marriage
- · poor parenting

Curriculum

Although PSHE and Citizenship are non-statutory subjects for maintained schools, the **National Curriculum Framework** states that all state schools 'should make provision for personal, social, health and economic education (PSHE), drawing on good practice'. All schools have an obligation to promote the fundamental British Values of democracy, the rule of law, individual liberty and mutual respect and tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs, all of which fall within the non-statutory **Programme of Study for Citizenship at KS1 and KS2**.

The 2019 Guidance for Personal, Social, Health and Economic (PSHE) education states that 'personal, social, health and economic (PSHE) education is an important and necessary part of all pupils' education. All schools should teach PSHE, drawing on good practice, and this expectation is outlined in the introduction to the proposed new national curriculum'.

We expect schools to use their PSHE education programme to equip pupils with a sound understanding of risk and with the knowledge and skills necessary to make safe and informed decisions.

Schools should seek to use PSHE education to build, where appropriate, on the statutory content already outlined in the national curriculum, the basic school curriculum and in statutory guidance on: drug education, financial education, sex and relationship education (SRE) and the importance of physical activity and diet for a healthy lifestyle.

Taken from: Guidance for Personal, Social, Health and Economic (PSHE) Education 2019

Two key aspects of PSHE education, Relationships Education and Health Education, will be compulsory in all primary schools from 2020. PSHE education is compulsory in independent schools.

Learning Outcomes and Core Themes

Our resources for PSHE and Citizenship have been produced so that they are fully in line with the Learning Outcomes and Core Themes outlined in the PSHE Association Programme of Study which is widely used by schools in England and is recommended and referred to by the DfE in all key documentation relating to PSHE provision in schools.

The PSHE Association Programme of Study is based on three core themes within which there is broad overlap and flexibility.

· Health and Wellbeing

Relationships

Living in the Wider World

Health and Wellbeing KS1

- **H1.** what constitutes, and how to maintain, a healthy lifestyle including the benefits of physical activity, rest, healthy eating and dental health
- **H2.** to recognise what they like and dislike, how to make real, informed choices that improve their physical and emotional health, to recognise that choices can have good and not so good consequences
- **H3.** to think about themselves, to learn from their experiences, to recognise and celebrate their strengths and set simple but challenging goals
- **H4.** about good and not so good feelings, a vocabulary to describe their feelings to others and to develop simple strategies for managing feelings
- **H5.** about change and loss and the associated feelings (including moving home, losing toys, pets or friends)
- **H6.** the importance of, and how to, maintain personal hygiene
- **H7.** how some diseases are spread and can be controlled; the responsibilities they have for their own health and that of others; to develop simple skills to help prevent diseases spreading
- **H8.** about the process of growing from young to old and how people's needs change

- **H9**. about growing and changing and new opportunities and responsibilities that increasing independence may bring
- **H10.** the names for the main parts of the body (including external genitalia) and the bodily similarities and differences between boys and girls
- **H11**. that household products, including medicines, can be harmful if not used properly
- **H12**. rules for and ways of keeping physically and emotionally safe including responsible ICT use and online safety, road safety, cycle safety and safety in the environment, rail, water and fire safety
- **H13.** about people who look after them, their family networks, who to go to if they are worried and how to attract their attention
- **H14.** about the ways that pupils can help the people who look after them to more easily protect them
- **H15.** to recognise that they share a responsibility for keeping themselves and others safe, when to say, 'yes', 'no', 'l'll ask' and 'l'll tell' including knowing that they do not need to keep secrets
- **H16**. what is meant by 'privacy'; their right to keep things 'private'; the importance of respecting others' privacy

Health and Wellbeing KS2

- H1. what positively and negatively affects their physical, mental and emotional health
- **H2.** how to make informed choices (including recognising that choices can have positive, neutral and negative consequences) and to begin to understand the concept of a 'balanced lifestyle'
- **H3.** to recognise opportunities and develop the skills to make their own choices about food, understanding what might influence their choices and the benefits of eating a balanced diet
- **H4.** to recognise how images in the media (and online) do not always reflect reality and can affect how people feel about themselves
- **H5.** to reflect on and celebrate their achievements, identify their strengths and areas for improvement, set high aspirations and goals
- **H6.** to deepen their understanding of good and not so good feelings, to extend their vocabulary to enable them to explain both the range and intensity of their feelings to others
- **H7.** to recognise that they may experience conflicting emotions and when they might need to listen to, or overcome these
- **H8.** about change, including transitions (between key stages and schools), loss, separation, divorce and bereavement
- H9. to differentiate between the terms, 'risk', 'danger' and 'hazard'
- **H10**. to recognise, predict and assess risks in different situations and decide how to manage them responsibly (including sensible road use and risks in their local environment) and to use this as an opportunity to build resilience
- **H11.** to recognise how their increasing independence brings increased responsibility to keep themselves and others safe
- **H12.** that bacteria and viruses can affect health and that following simple routines can reduce their spread
- **H13.** how pressure to behave in unacceptable, unhealthy or risky ways can come from a variety of sources, including people they know and the media

- **H14.** to recognise when they need help and to develop the skills to ask for help; to use basic techniques for resisting pressure to do something dangerous, unhealthy, that makes them uncomfortable or anxious or that they think is wrong
- **H15.** school rules about health and safety, basic emergency aid procedures, where and how to get help
- **H16.** what is meant by the term 'habit' and why habits can be hard to change
- **H17.** which, why and how, commonly available substances and drugs (including alcohol, tobacco and 'energy drinks') can damage their immediate and future health and safety; that some are restricted and some are illegal to own, use and give to others
- **H18.** how their body will, and their emotions may, change as they approach and move through puberty
- H19. about human reproduction
- **H20.** about taking care of their body, understanding that they have the right to protect their body from inappropriate and unwanted contact; understanding that actions such as female genital mutilation (FGM) constitute abuse and are a crime, and develop the skills and strategies required to get support if they have fears for themselves or their peers
- **H21.** strategies for keeping physically and emotionally safe including road safety (including cycle safety the Bikeability programme), and safety in the environment (including rail, water and fire safety)
- **H22.** strategies for keeping safe online; the importance of protecting personal information, including passwords, addresses and the distribution of images of themselves and others
- **H23.** about people who are responsible for helping them stay healthy and safe; how they can help these people to keep them healthy and safe
- **H24.** the responsible use of mobile phones: safe keeping (looking after it) and safe user habits (time limits, use of passcode, turning it off at night etc.)
- **H25.** how to manage requests for images of themselves or others; what is and is not appropriate to ask for or share; who to talk to if they feel uncomfortable or are concerned by such a request

Relationships KS1

- **R1.** to communicate their feelings to others, to recognise how others show feelings and how to respond
- **R2**. to recognise that their behaviour can affect other people
- **R3.** the difference between secrets and nice surprises (that everyone will find out about eventually) and the importance of not keeping any secret that makes them feel uncomfortable, anxious or afraid
- R4. to recognise what is fair and unfair, kind and unkind, what is right and wrong
- **R5.** to share their opinions on things that matter to them and explain their views through discussions with one other person and the whole class
- **R6.** to listen to other people and play and work cooperatively (including strategies to resolve simple arguments through negotiation)
- R7. to offer constructive support and feedback to others
- **R8.** to identify and respect the differences and similarities between people
- **R9.** to identify their special people (family, friends, carers), what makes them special and how special people should care for one another
- **R10.** to judge what kind of physical contact is acceptable, comfortable, unacceptable and uncomfortable and how to respond (including who to tell and how to tell them)
- **R11.** that people's bodies and feelings can be hurt (including what makes them feel comfortable and uncomfortable)
- **R12.** to recognise when people are being unkind either to them or others, how to respond, who to tell and what to say
- **R13.** to recognise different types of teasing and bullying, to understand that these are wrong and unacceptable
- **R14.** strategies to resist teasing or bullying, if they experience or witness it, whom to go to and how to get help

Relationships KS2

- R1. to recognise and respond appropriately to a wider range of feelings in others
- **R2.** to recognise what constitutes a positive, healthy relationship and develop the skills to form and maintain positive and healthy relationships
- **R3.** to recognise ways in which a relationship can be unhealthy and whom to talk to if they need support
- **R4.** to recognise different types of relationship, including those between acquaintances, friends, relatives and families
- **R5.** that civil partnerships and marriage are examples of a public demonstration of the commitment made between two people who love and care for each other and want to spend their lives together and who are of the legal age to make that commitment
- **R6.** that marriage is a commitment freely entered into by both people, that no one should marry if they don't absolutely want to do so or are not making this decision freely for themselves
- R7. that their actions affect themselves and others
- **R8.** to judge what kind of physical contact is acceptable or unacceptable and how to respond
- **R9.** the concept of 'keeping something confidential or secret', when they should or should not agree to this and when it is right to 'break a confidence' or 'share a secret'
- **R10.** to listen and respond respectfully to a wide range of people, to feel confident to raise their own concerns, to recognise and care about other people's feelings and to try to see, respect and if necessary constructively challenge others' points of view
- R11. to work collaboratively towards shared goals
- R12. to develop strategies to resolve disputes and conflict through negotiation and appropriate compromise and to give rich and constructive feedback and support to benefit others as well as themselves
- **R13.** that differences and similarities between people arise from a number of factors, including family, cultural, ethnic, racial and religious diversity, age, sex, gender identity, sexual orientation, and disability (see 'protected characteristics' in the Equality Act 2010)

- **R14.** to realise the nature and consequences of discrimination, teasing, bullying and aggressive behaviours (including cyber bullying, use of prejudice-based language, 'trolling', how to respond and ask for help)
- R15. to recognise and manage 'dares'
- R16. to recognise and challenge stereotypes
- R17. about the difference between, and the terms associated with, sex, gender identity and sexual orientation
- **R18.** how to recognise bullying and abuse in all its forms (including prejudice-based bullying both in person, online and through social media)
- **R19.** that two people who love and care for one another can be in a committed relationship and not be married or in a civil partnership
- **R20.** that forcing anyone to marry is a crime; that support is available to protect and prevent people from being forced into marriage and to know how to get support for themself or others
- **R21.** to understand personal boundaries; to identify what they are willing to share with their most special people; friends; classmates and others; and that we all have rights to privacy

Living in the Wider World KS1

- L1. how they can contribute to the life of the classroom and school
- **L2.** to help construct, and agree to follow, group, class and school rules and to understand how these rules help them
- **L3.** that people and other living things have rights and that everyone has responsibilities to protect those rights (including protecting others' bodies and feelings; being able to take turns, share and understand the need to return things that have been borrowed)
- L4. that they belong to different groups and communities such as family and school
- **L5.** what improves and harms their local, natural and built environments and develop strategies and skills needed to care for these (including conserving energy)
- **L6.** that money comes from different sources and can be used for different purposes, including the concepts of spending and saving
- **L7.** about the role money plays in their lives including how to keep it safe, choices about spending or saving money and what influences those choices
- **L8.** ways in which they are all unique; understand that there has never been and will never be another 'them'
- **L9.** ways in which we are the same as all other people; what we have in common with everyone else
- **L10.** about the 'special people' who work in their community and who are responsible for looking after them and protecting them; how people contact those special people when they need their help, including dialling 999 in an emergency.

Living in the Wider World KS2

- **L1.** to research, discuss and debate topical issues, problems and events that are of concern to them and offer their recommendations to appropriate people
- **L2.** why and how rules and laws that protect them and others are made and enforced, why different rules are needed in different situations and how to take part in making and changing rules
- L3. to understand that there are basic human rights shared by all peoples and all societies and that children have their own special rights set out in the United Nations Declaration of the Rights of the Child
- **L4.** that these universal rights are there to protect everyone and have primacy both over national law and family and community practices
- **L5.** to know that there are some cultural practices which are against British law and universal human rights, such as female genital mutilation (FGM)
- **L6.** to realise the consequences of anti-social, aggressive and harmful behaviours such as bullying and discrimination of individuals and communities; to develop strategies for getting support for themselves or for others at risk
- L7. that they have different kinds of responsibilities, rights and duties at home, at school, in the community and towards the environment; to continue to develop the skills to exercise these responsibilities
- **L8.** to resolve differences by looking at alternatives, seeing and respecting others' points of view, making decisions and explaining choices
- **L9.** what being part of a community means, and about the varied institutions that support communities locally and nationally
- **L10.** to recognise the role of voluntary, community and pressure groups, especially in relation to health and wellbeing
- **L11**. to appreciate the range of national, regional, religious and ethnic identities in the United Kingdom
- **L12.** to consider the lives of people living in other places, and people with different values and customs

- **L13.** about the role money plays in their own and others' lives, including how to manage their money and about being a critical consumer
- **L14.** to develop an initial understanding of the concepts of 'interest', 'loan', 'debt', and 'tax' (e.g. their contribution to society through the payment of VAT)
- **L15.** that resources can be allocated in different ways and that these economic choices affect individuals, communities and the sustainability of the environment across the world
- L16. what is meant by enterprise and begin to develop enterprise skills
- L17. to explore and critique how the media present information
- **L18.** to critically examine what is presented to them in social media and why it is important to do so; understand how information contained in social media can misrepresent or mislead; the importance of being careful what they forward to others

The non-statutory <u>Citizenship Programme of Study for Key Stages 1 and 2</u> is largely covered by the Living in the Wider World Learning Outcomes from the PSHE Association Programme of Study. To ensure full coverage of the non-statutory guidance for Citizenship, <u>Twinkl Life's Scheme of Work for PSHE and Citizenship</u> also covers the following three objectives from the Citizenship Programme of Study.

- **Cc.** to face new challenges positively by collecting information, looking for help, making responsible choices, and taking action
- **Ce.** about the range of jobs carried out by people they know, and to understand how they can develop skills to make their own contribution in the future
- Cg. what democracy is, and about the basic institutions that support it locally and nationally

PSHE Association Coverage PSHE and Citizenship Year 1						
Health and Wellbeing	Team	It's My Body	Britain	Be Yourself	Aiming High	Money Matters
H1. what constitutes, and how to maintain, a healthy lifestyle including the benefits of physical activity, rest, healthy eating and dental health	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 234 56	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
H2. to recognise what they like and dislike, how to make real, informed choices that improve their physical and emotional health, to recognise that choices can have good and not so good consequences	1 2 3 4 🕽 🕝	1 23 4 56	12 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
H3. to think about themselves, to learn from their experiences, to recognise and celebrate their strengths and set simple but challenging goals	1 2 3 4 🕒 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	123 456	1 2 3 4 5 6
H4. about good and not so good feelings, a vocabulary to describe their feelings to others and to develop simple strategies for managing feelings	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
H5. about change and loss and the associated feelings (including moving home, losing toys, pets or friends)	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 🗲 6	1 2 3 4 5	1 2 3 4 5 6
H6. the importance of, and how to, maintain personal hygiene	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
H7. how some diseases are spread and can be controlled; the responsibilities they have for their own health and that of others; to develop simple skills to help prevent diseases spreading	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
H8. about the process of growing from young to old and how people's needs change	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
H9. about growing and changing and new opportunities and responsibilities that increasing independence may bring	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 6
H10. the names for the main parts of the body (including external genitalia) and the bodily similarities and differences between boys and girls	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
H11. that household products, including medicines, can be harmful if not used properly	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
H12. rules for and ways of keeping physically and emotionally safe including responsible ICT use and online safety, road safety, cycle safety and safety in the environment, rail, water and fire safety	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
H13 . about people who look after them, their family networks, who to go to if they are worried and how to attract their attention	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
H14 . about the ways that pupils can help the people who look after them to more easily protect them	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6

H15. to recognise that they share a responsibility for keeping themselves and others safe, when to say, 'yes', 'no', 'I'll ask' and 'I'll tell' including knowing that they do not need to keep secrets	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	5 1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6		1 2 3 4 5 6
H16. what is meant by 'privacy'; their right to keep things 'private'; the importance of respecting others' privacy	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	5 1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6		1 2 3 4 5 6
Relationships	Team	It's My Body	Britain	Be Yourself	Aiming High	Money Matters
R1. to communicate their feelings to others, to recognise how others show feelings and how to respond	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
R2. to recognise that their behaviour can affect other people	1 2 3 4 5	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6		1 2 3 4 5 6
R3. the difference between secrets and nice surprises (that everyone will find out about eventually) and the importance of not keeping any secret that makes them feel uncomfortable, anxious or afraid	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	6 1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6		1 2 3 4 5 6
R4. to recognise what is fair and unfair, kind and unkind, what is right and wrong	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6		1 2 3 4 5 6
R5. to share their opinions on things that matter to them and explain their views through discussions with one other person and the whole class	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
R6. to listen to other people and play and work cooperatively (including strategies to resolve simple arguments through negotiation)	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	5 1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6		1 2 3 4 5 6
R7. to offer constructive support and feedback to others	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6		1 2 3 4 5 6
R8. to identify and respect the differences and similarities between people	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
R9. to identify their special people (family, friends, carers), what makes them special and how special people should care for one another	O 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	5 1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6		1 2 3 4 5 6
R10. to judge what kind of physical contact is acceptable, comfortable, unacceptable and uncomfortable and how to respond (including who to tell and how to tell them)	1 2 3 4 5 6	2 3 4 5 6	5 1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6		1 2 3 4 5 6
R11. that people's bodies and feelings can be hurt (including what makes them feel comfortable and uncomfortable)	1 2 3 4 5 6	2 3 4 5 6	5 1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6		1 2 3 4 5 6
R12. to recognise when people are being unkind either to them or others, how to respond, who to tell and what to say	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	5 1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6		1 2 3 4 5 6
R13. to recognise different types of teasing and bullying, to understand that these are wrong and unacceptable	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6		1 2 3 4 5 6
R14. strategies to resist teasing or bullying, if they experience or witness it, whom to go to and how to get help	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6		

Living in the Wider World	Team	It's My Body	Britain	Be Yourself	Aiming High	Money Matters
L1. how they can contribute to the life of the classroom and school	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
L2. to help construct, and agree to follow, group, class and school rules and to understand how these rules help them	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
L3. that people and other living things have rights and that everyone has responsibilities to protect those rights (including protecting others' bodies and feelings; being able to take turns, share and understand the need to return things that have been borrowed)	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
L4. that they belong to different groups and communities such as family and school	0 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
L5. what improves and harms their local, natural and built environments and develop strategies and skills needed to care for these (including conserving energy)	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
L6. that money comes from different sources and can be used for different purposes, including the concepts of spending and saving	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	123456
L7. about the role money plays in their lives including how to keep it safe, choices about spending or saving money and what influences those choices	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	123456
L8. ways in which they are all unique; understand that there has never been and will never be another 'them'	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1) 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
L9. ways in which we are the same as all other people; what we have in common with everyone else	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
L10. about the 'special people' who work in their community and who are responsible for looking after them and protecting them; how people contact those special people when they need their help, including dialling 999 in an emergency.	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6

PSHE Association Coverage PSHE and Citizenship Year 2						
Health and Wellbeing	VIPs	Safety First	Respecting Rights	Growing Up	Think Positive	One World
H1. what constitutes, and how to maintain, a healthy lifestyle including the benefits of physical activity, rest, healthy eating and dental health	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 56
H2. to recognise what they like and dislike, how to make real, informed choices that improve their physical and emotional health, to recognise that choices can have good and not so good consequences	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	12 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 56
H3. to think about themselves, to learn from their experiences, to recognise and celebrate their strengths and set simple but challenging goals	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 56
H4. about good and not so good feelings, a vocabulary to describe their feelings to others and to develop simple strategies for managing feelings	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	023456	1 2 3 4 56
H5. about change and loss and the associated feelings (including moving home, losing toys, pets or friends)	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 56
H6. the importance of, and how to, maintain personal hygiene	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 56
H7. how some diseases are spread and can be controlled; the responsibilities they have for their own health and that of others; to develop simple skills to help prevent diseases spreading	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 56
H8. about the process of growing from young to old and how people's needs change	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 56
H9. about growing and changing and new opportunities and responsibilities that increasing independence may bring	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 56
H10. the names for the main parts of the body (including external genitalia) and the bodily similarities and differences between boys and girls	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6) 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 56
H11. that household products, including medicines, can be harmful if not used properly	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 56
H12. rules for and ways of keeping physically and emotionally safe including responsible ICT use and online safety, road safety, cycle safety and safety in the environment, rail, water and fire safety	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 234 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 56
H13. about people who look after them, their family networks, who to go to if they are worried and how to attract their attention	3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 56
H14. about the ways that pupils can help the people who look after them to more easily protect them	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	

H15. to recognise that they share a responsibility for keeping themselves and others safe, when to say, 'yes', 'no', 'l'll ask' and 'l'll tell' including knowing that they do not need to keep secrets	1 2 3 4 5 6	1) 2(3) 4 5(1)	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	
H16. what is meant by 'privacy'; their right to keep things 'private'; the importance of respecting others' privacy	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6		1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	
Relationships	VIPs	Safety First	Respecting Rights	Growing Up	Think Positive	One World
R1. to communicate their feelings to others, to recognise how others show feelings and how to respond	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6			1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 56
R2. to recognise that their behaviour can affect other people	1 2 3 4 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	
R3. the difference between secrets and nice surprises (that everyone will find out about eventually) and the importance of not keeping any secret that makes them feel uncomfortable, anxious or afraid	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5		1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	
R4. to recognise what is fair and unfair, kind and unkind, what is right and wrong	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	
R5. to share their opinions on things that matter to them and explain their views through discussions with one other person and the whole class	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	
R6. to listen to other people and play and work cooperatively (including strategies to resolve simple arguments through negotiation)	1 2 3 👍 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	
R7. to offer constructive support and feedback to others	1 2 3 4 5 6			1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	
R8. to identify and respect the differences and similarities between people	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1234 56
R9. to identify their special people (family, friends, carers), what makes them special and how special people should care for one another	3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	6 1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	9 2 3 4 5 6
R10. to judge what kind of physical contact is acceptable, comfortable, unacceptable and uncomfortable and how to respond (including who to tell and how to tell them)	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5	5 1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	
R11. that people's bodies and feelings can be hurt (including what makes them feel comfortable and uncomfortable)	1 2 3 🕢 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	
R12. to recognise when people are being unkind either to them or others, how to respond, who to tell and what to say	1 2 3 🕢 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	
R13. to recognise different types of teasing and bullying, to understand that these are wrong and unacceptable	1 2 3 🕢 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	
R14. strategies to resist teasing or bullying, if they experience or witness it, whom to go to and how to get help	1 2 3 🕢 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6		1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	

Living in the Wider World	VIPs	Safety First	Respecting Rights	Growing Up	Think Positive	One World
L1. how they can contribute to the life of the classroom and school	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
L2. to help construct, and agree to follow, group, class and school rules and to understand how these rules help them	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
L3. that people and other living things have rights and that everyone has responsibilities to protect those rights (including protecting others' bodies and feelings; being able to take turns, share and understand the need to return things that have been borrowed)	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	23456
L4. that they belong to different groups and communities such as family and school	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	9 2 3 4 5 6
L5. what improves and harms their local, natural and built environments and develop strategies and skills needed to care for these (including conserving energy)	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 6
L6. that money comes from different sources and can be used for different purposes, including the concepts of spending and saving	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
L7. about the role money plays in their lives including how to keep it safe, choices about spending or saving money and what influences those choices	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
L8. ways in which they are all unique; understand that there has never been and will never be another 'them'	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
L9. ways in which we are the same as all other people; what we have in common with everyone else	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	a 2 3 a 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	() 2 3 4 5 6
L10. about the 'special people' who work in their community and who are responsible for looking after them and protecting them; how people contact those special people when they need their help, including dialling 999 in an emergency.	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 56

PSHE Association Coverage PSHE and Citizenship Year 3						
Health and Wellbeing	TEAM	It's My Body	Britain	Be Yourself	Aiming High	Money Matters
H1. what positively and negatively affects their physical, mental and emotional health	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 🗘 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
H2. how to make informed choices (including recognising that choices can have positive, neutral and negative consequences) and to begin to understand the concept of a 'balanced lifestyle'	123456	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
H3. to recognise opportunities and develop the skills to make their own choices about food, understanding what might influence their choices and the benefits of eating a balanced diet	123456	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
H4. to recognise how images in the media (and online) do not always reflect reality and can affect how people feel about themselves	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
H5. to reflect on and celebrate their achievements, identify their strengths and areas for improvement, set high aspirations and goals	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	① 2 3 4 5 ⑥	123 4 56	1 2 3 4 5 6
H6. to deepen their understanding of good and not so good feelings, to extend their vocabulary to enable them to explain both the range and intensity of their feelings to others	O 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
H7. to recognise that they may experience conflicting emotions and when they might need to listen to, or overcome these	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
H8. about change, including transitions (between key stages and schools), loss, separation, divorce and bereavement	0 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
H9. to differentiate between the terms, 'risk', 'danger' and 'hazard'	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
H10. to recognise, predict and assess risks in different situations and decide how to manage them responsibly (including sensible road use and risks in their local environment) and to use this as an opportunity to build resilience	123456	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
H11. to recognise how their increasing independence brings increased responsibility to keep themselves and others safe	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
H12. that bacteria and viruses can affect health and that following simple routines can reduce their spread	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
H13 . how pressure to behave in unacceptable, unhealthy or risky ways can come from a variety of sources, including people they know and the media	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6

H14. to recognise when they need help and to develop the skills to ask for help; to use basic techniques for resisting pressure to do something dangerous, unhealthy, that makes them uncomfortable or anxious or that they think is wrong	1 2	2 3	4	5 (6 1				5 6	1				6	1 :	2 3	(5 6	5 1				5 6	1			56
H15. school rules about health and safety, basic emergency aid procedures, where and how to get help	1 2	2 3	4	5 (6 1				5 6	1				6	1 :	2 3	4	5 6	1				5 6	1			5 6
H16. what is meant by the term 'habit' and why habits can be hard to change	1 2	2 3		5 (6 1				5 6					6	1 :	2 3		5 6	1								5 6
H17. which, why and how, commonly available substances and drugs (including alcohol, tobacco and 'energy drinks') can damage their immediate and future health and safety; that some are restricted and some are illegal to own, use and give to others	1 2	2 3	4	5 (6 1			4	5 6	1				6	1 :	2 3	4	5 6	5 1				5 6	1			56
H18. how their body will, and their emotions may, change as they approach and move through puberty	1 2	2 3		5 (6 1				5 6	1				6	1 :	2 3		5 6	1								5 6
H19. about human reproduction	1 2	2 3		5 (3 1				5 6	1				6	1 :	2 3		5 6	1								5 6
H20. about taking care of their body, understanding that they have the right to protect their body from inappropriate and unwanted contact; understanding that actions such as female genital mutilation (FGM) constitute abuse and are a crime, and develop the skills and strategies required to get support if they have fears for themselves or their peers	1 2	2 3	4	5 (1	2			5 6	1				6	1 :	2 3	4	5 6	5 1				5 6	1			l 56
H21. strategies for keeping physically and emotionally safe including road safety (including cycle safety - the Bikeability programme), and safety in the environment (including rail, water and fire safety)	1 2	2 3	4	5 (6 1				5 6	1				6	1 :	2 3	4	5 6	5 1				5 6	1			1 5 6
H22. strategies for keeping safe online; the importance of protecting personal information, including passwords, addresses and the distribution of images of themselves and others	1 2	2 3	4	5 (5 1				5 6	1				6	1 :	2 3	4	5 6	1				5 6				1 5 6
H23. about people who are responsible for helping them stay healthy and safe; how they can help these people to keep them healthy and safe	1 2	2 3	4	5 (6 1				5 6	1				6	1 :	2 3	4	5 6	5 1				5 6	1			5 6
H24. the responsible use of mobile phones: safe keeping (looking after it) and safe user habits (time limits, use of passcode, turning it off at night etc.)	1 2	2 3		5 (6 1				5 6	1				6	1	2 3		5 6	1								5 6
H25. how to manage requests for images of themselves or others; what is and is not appropriate to ask for or share; who to talk to if they feel uncomfortable or are concerned by such a request	1 2	2 3	4	5 (5 1	2	3	4	5 6	1	2	3 4	4 5	6	1 :	2 3	4	5 6	1	2	3	4	5 6	1	2	3 4	1 5 6
Relationships		TE	AM			lt's	My	Вос	ly		В	ritai	n		В	e Yo	urs	elf	1	Aim	ing	Hiç	gh	Mc	ney	/ Ma	atters
R1. to recognise and respond appropriately to a wider range of feelings in others	1 2	2 3	Q	5 (6 1	2	3	4	5 6	1_	2	3 4	4 5	6	10	2 3	4	5 6	1	2	3	4	5 6	1	2	3 4	5 6
R2. to recognise what constitutes a positive, healthy relationship and develop the skills to form and maintain positive and healthy relationships		2 3			6 1				5 6	1				6	1 :	2 3		5 6	1								5 6

R3. to recognise ways in which a relationship can be unhealthy and whom to talk to if they need support	1	2	3	4 5	6	9		6					5 1	2	3	4	5 6	1			6		
R4. to recognise different types of relationship, including those between acquaintances, friends, relatives and families	1	2	3	4 5	6			6					5 1	2	3	4	5 6	1			6		
R5. that civil partnerships and marriage are examples of a public demonstration of the commitment made between two people who love and care for each other and want to spend their lives together and who are of the legal age to make that commitment	1	2	3	4 5	6			6					5 1	2	3	4	5 6	1			6		
R6. that marriage is a commitment freely entered into by both people, that no one should marry if they don't absolutely want to do so or are not making this decision freely for themselves	1	2	3	4 5	6			6					5 1	2	3	4 :	5 6	1			6		
R7. that their actions affect themselves and others	1	O (3	400	9			6					1	2	3		6				6		
R8. to judge what kind of physical contact is acceptable or unacceptable and how to respond	1	2	3	4 5	6	3		6					5 1	2	3		5 6	1			6		
R9. the concept of 'keeping something confidential or secret', when they should or should not agree to this and when it is right to 'break a confidence' or 'share a secret'	1	2	3	4 5	6	3		6					5 1	2	3	4 :	5 6	1			6		
R10. to listen and respond respectfully to a wide range of people, to feel confident to raise their own concerns, to recognise and care about other people's feelings and to try to see, respect and if necessary constructively challenge others' points of view	1	2	3	4 5	6			6					6 1	2	3	4 :	5 6	1			6		
R11. to work collaboratively towards shared goals	1(00	3	4 5 (6			6					1	2	3	4	5 6	1			6		
R12. to develop strategies to resolve disputes and conflict through negotiation and appropriate compromise and to give rich and constructive feedback and support to benefit others as well as themselves	1	2	3	43	6			6					5 1	2	3	4 :	5 6	1			6		
R13. that differences and similarities between people arise from a number of factors, including family, cultural, ethnic, racial and religious diversity, age, sex, gender identity, sexual orientation, and disability (see 'protected characteristics' in the Equality Act 2010)	1	2	3	4 5	6			6			4(. 5	5 1	2	3		5 6	1			6		
R14. to realise the nature and consequences of discrimination, teasing, bullying and aggressive behaviours (including cyber bullying, use of prejudice-based language, 'trolling', how to respond and ask for help)	1	2	3	4 5	6			6					5 1	2	3	4	5 6	1			6		
R15. to recognise and manage 'dares'	1	2	3	4 5	6			6	1 :	2 3		5 6	1	2	3(4	5 6	1			6	2 3	
R16. to recognise and challenge stereotypes	1	2	3	4 5	6			6		2 3			5 1	2	3	40	6	1		(5	6	2 3	
R17. about the difference between, and the terms associated with, sex, gender identity and sexual orientation	1	2	3	4 5	6			6					5 1	2	3	4	5 6	1			6		

R18. how to recognise bullying and abuse in all its forms (including prejudice-based bullying both in person, online and through social media)	1 2	2 3	3 4	5 6	1				6 1				1	2	3 4	5	6 1				6 1			5 6
R19. that two people who love and care for one another can be in a committed relationship and not be married or in a civil partnership	1 2	2 3	3 4	5 6	1				6 1				1	2	3 4	5	6 1				6 1			5 6
R20. that forcing anyone to marry is a crime; that support is available to protect and prevent people from being forced into marriage and to know how to get support for themself or others	1 2	2 3	3 4	5 6	5 1				6 1				1	2	3 4	5	6 1				6 1			5 6
R21. to understand personal boundaries; to identify what they are willing to share with their most special people; friends; classmates and others; and that we all have rights to privacy	1 2	2 3	3 4	5 6	6 1	2	3 4	5	6 1	2	3 4	. 5 6	1	2	3 4	5	6 1	2	3 4	5	6 1	2	3 4	5 6
Living in the Wider World		TE	EAM		1	t's N	ly Bo	ody		В	ritaiı	1		Be Y	our	self	,	Aimi	ng ŀ	ligh	Mo	oney	M a	itters
L1. to research, discuss and debate topical issues, problems and events that are of concern to them and offer their recommendations to appropriate people	1 2	2 3	3 4	5 6	1				6 1			5	1	2	3 4	5	6 1				6 1			5 6
L2. why and how rules and laws that protect them and others are made and enforced, why different rules are needed in different situations and how to take part in making and changing rules	1 2	2 3	3 4	5 6	1				6 1	2 (3 4		1	2	3 4	5	6 1				6 1			5 6
L3. to understand that there are basic human rights shared by all peoples and all societies and that children have their own special rights set out in the United Nations Declaration of the Rights of the Child	1 2	2 3	3 4	5 6	5 1				6 1	2	3	5 6	1	2	3 4	5	6 1				6 1			
L4. that these universal rights are there to protect everyone and have primacy both over national law and family and community practices	1 2	2 3	3 4	5 6	1				6 1		3	5 6	1	2	3 4	5	6 1				6 1			
L5. to know that there are some cultural practices which are against British law and universal human rights, such as female genital mutilation (FGM)	1 2	2 3	3 4	5 6	1				6 1				1	2	3 4	5	6 1				6 1			
L6. to realise the consequences of anti-social, aggressive and harmful behaviours such as bullying and discrimination of individuals and communities; to develop strategies for getting support for themselves or for others at risk	1 2	2 3	3 4	5 6	6 1				6 1				1	2	3 4	5	6 1				6 1			
L7. that they have different kinds of responsibilities, rights and duties at home, at school, in the community and towards the environment; to continue to develop the skills to exercise these responsibilities	1 2	2 3	3 4	5 6	1				6 1				1	2	3 4	5	6 1				6 1			
L8. to resolve differences by looking at alternatives, seeing and respecting others' points of view, making decisions and explaining choices	1 2	2 3	3 4 (3 6	1				6 1				1	2	3 4	5	6 1				6 1			
L9. what being part of a community means, and about the varied institutions that support communities locally and nationally	1 2	2 3	3 4	5 6	1				6 1				1	2	3 4	5	6 1				6 1			
L10. to recognise the role of voluntary, community and pressure groups, especially in relation to health and wellbeing	1 2	2 3	3 4	5 6	1				6 1				1	2	3 4	5	6 1				6 1			
L11. to appreciate the range of national, regional, religious and ethnic identities in the United Kingdom	1 2	2 3	3 4	5 6	1				6			(5	1	2	3 4	5	6 1				6 1			

L12. to consider the lives of people living in other places, and people with different values and customs	1	2	3	4 5	6				3 1		4 5 C	6	1 2	3	4 5	6					1			5 6
L13. about the role money plays in their own and others' lives, including how to manage their money and about being a critical consumer	1	2	3	4 5	6				â 1			6 .	1 2	3	4 5	6					0	20	3(4	5 6
L14. to develop an initial understanding of the concepts of 'interest', 'loan', 'debt', and 'tax' (e.g. their contribution to society through the payment of VAT)	1	2	3	4 5	6				6 1			6	1 2	3	4 5	6						2	3 4	5 6
L15. that resources can be allocated in different ways and that these economic choices affect individuals, communities and the sustainability of the environment across the world	1	2	3	4 5	6				5 1			6	1 2	3	4 5	6					1(2 (34	56
L16. what is meant by enterprise and begin to develop enterprise skills	1	2	3	4 5	6				1			6	1 2	3	4 5	6								5 6
L17. to explore and critique how the media present information	1	2	3	4 5	6				6 1			6	1 2	3	4(3	6					1		3 4	5 6
L18. to critically examine what is presented to them in social media and why it is important to do so; understand how information contained in social media can misrepresent or mislead; the importance of being careful what they forward to others	1	2	3	4 5	6				5 1			6	1 2	3	4 5	6					1			5 6
Cc. to face new challenges positively by collecting information, looking for help, making responsible choices, and taking action	1	2	3	4 5	6				6 1			6 .	1 2	3	4 5 (3	00	2(3			1			5 6
Ce. about the range of jobs carried out by people they know, and to understand how they can develop skills to make their own contribution in the future	1	2	3	4 5	6				6 1			6	1 2	3	4 5	6			(3 6	0			5 6
Cg. what democracy is, and about the basic institutions that support it locally and nationally;	1	2	3	4 5	6	10	3		5 1			6	1 2	3	4 5	6					1			5 6



H14. to recognise when they need help and to develop the skills to ask for help; to use basic techniques for resisting pressure to do something dangerous, unhealthy, that makes them uncomfortable or anxious or that they think is wrong	1	2	3 4	- 5 (5 1	<u>Q</u> (3	1 🕞	6					6 1	2	3 4	1 5	6 1				6				5 6
H15. school rules about health and safety, basic emergency aid procedures, where and how to get help	1	2	3 4	- 5 (6 1				6					6 1	2	3 4	1 5	6 1				6				5 6
H16. what is meant by the term 'habit' and why habits can be hard to change	1	2	3 4	5 (6 1				6					1	2	3 4	- 5	6 1				6				5 6
H17. which, why and how, commonly available substances and drugs (including alcohol, tobacco and 'energy drinks') can damage their immediate and future health and safety; that some are restricted and some are illegal to own, use and give to others	1	2	3 4	- 5 (6 1			4 (5	6					6 1	2	3 4	1 5	6 1				6				5 6
H18. how their body will, and their emotions may, change as they approach and move through puberty	1	2	3 4	- 5 (6 1				6					6 1	00	3(3	5	6 1		3	4 5	6				5 6
H19. about human reproduction	1	2	3 4	5 (6 1				6					1	2	3 4	F 5C	6 1				6				5 6
H20. about taking care of their body, understanding that they have the right to protect their body from inappropriate and unwanted contact; understanding that actions such as female genital mutilation (FGM) constitute abuse and are a crime, and develop the skills and strategies required to get support if they have fears for themselves or their peers	1	2	3 4	. 5 (6 1				6					6 1	2	3 4	! 5	6 1				6				5 6
H21. strategies for keeping physically and emotionally safe including road safety (including cycle safety - the Bikeability programme), and safety in the environment (including rail, water and fire safety)	1	2	3 4	- 5 (6 1	2	3	5	6					6 1	2	3 4	1 5	6 1				6				5 6
H22. strategies for keeping safe online; the importance of protecting personal information, including passwords, addresses and the distribution of images of themselves and others	1	2	3 4	5 (6 1			4 5	6					6 1	2	3 4	1 5	6 1				6				5 6
H23. about people who are responsible for helping them stay healthy and safe; how they can help these people to keep them healthy and safe	1	2	3 4	- 5 (3 1	2			6					6 1	2	3 4	1 5	6 1				6				5 6
H24. the responsible use of mobile phones: safe keeping (looking after it) and safe user habits (time limits, use of passcode, turning it off at night etc.)	1	2	3 4	- 5 (6 1			4 5	6					6 1	2	3 4	5	6 1				6				5 6
H25. how to manage requests for images of themselves or others; what is and is not appropriate to ask for or share; who to talk to if they feel uncomfortable or are concerned by such a request	1	2	3 4	- 5 (5 1	2	3 4	4 5	6	1	2 3	4	5 6	6 1	2	3 4	1 5	6 1	2	3	4 5	6	1	2 3	3 4	5 6
Relationships			VIPs	;		Saf	ety F	irst		Res	pecti	ng F	Right	S	Gro	wing	Up	Т	hinl	k Pc	siti	ve	(Dne	Wo	rld
R1. to recognise and respond appropriately to a wider range of feelings in others	0	2	3 4	- 5 (â 1				6					1	2	3 4	- 5	6 1				6				5 6
R2. to recognise what constitutes a positive, healthy relationship and develop the skills to form and maintain positive and healthy relationships	1(3	3 4	- 5 (6 1				6					6 1	2	3 4	1 5	6 1				6				5 6

R3. to recognise ways in which a relationship can be unhealthy and whom to talk to if they need support	1	2(3	4 5	6				6				6	1 2	3	4 5	5 6	1				6			5 6
R4. to recognise different types of relationship, including those between acquaintances, friends, relatives and families	1(00	3	4 5	6				6				6	1 2	3	4 5	5 6	1				6			5 6
R5. that civil partnerships and marriage are examples of a public demonstration of the commitment made between two people who love and care for each other and want to spend their lives together and who are of the legal age to make that commitment		2	3	4 5	6				6				6	1 2	3	40	6	1				6			5 6
R6. that marriage is a commitment freely entered into by both people, that no one should marry if they don't absolutely want to do so or are not making this decision freely for themselves		2	3	4 5	6				6				6	1 2	3	4 5	5 6	1				6			5 6
R7. that their actions affect themselves and others	0	0	3	4 5	6				6				6	1 2	3	4 5	5 6					6			5 6
R8. to judge what kind of physical contact is acceptable or unacceptable and how to respond	1	2	3	4 5	6				6				6	1 2	3	4 5	5 6	1				6			5 6
R9. the concept of 'keeping something confidential or secret', when they should or should not agree to this and when it is right to 'break a confidence' or 'share a secret'		2	3	4 5	6				6				6	1 2	3	4 5	5 6	1				6			5 6
R10. to listen and respond respectfully to a wide range of people, to feel confident to raise their own concerns, to recognise and care about other people's feelings and to try to see, respect and if necessary constructively challenge others' points of view	1	2	3	4 5	6				6			<u>_</u> 5	6	1 2	3	4 5	5 6	1				6			5 6
R11. to work collaboratively towards shared goals	1	2	3	4 5	6				6				6	1 2	3	4 5	5 6	1				6			5 6
R12. to develop strategies to resolve disputes and conflict through negotiation and appropriate compromise and to give rich and constructive feedback and support to benefit others as well as themselves	1	2	3	4 5	6				6				6	1 2	3	4 5	5 6	1				6			5 6
R13. that differences and similarities between people arise from a number of factors, including family, cultural, ethnic, racial and religious diversity, age, sex, gender identity, sexual orientation, and disability (see 'protected characteristics' in the Equality Act 2010)		2	3	4 5	6				6			5	6	1 2	3	4 5	5 6	1				6	•		5 6
R14. to realise the nature and consequences of discrimination, teasing, bullying and aggressive behaviours (including cyber bullying, use of prejudice-based language, 'trolling', how to respond and ask for help)	1	2	3	4 (5 (G				6				6	1 2	3	4 5	5 6	1				6			5 6
R15. to recognise and manage 'dares'	1	2	3	4 5	6	2	3 4	1 5	6	2	3 4	- 5	6	1 2	3	4 5	5 6	1	2	3 4	1 5	6	1 2	2 3	5 6
R16. to recognise and challenge stereotypes	1	2	3	4 5	6				6			5	6	1 2	3	4 5	5 6	1				6	10	2 3	5 6
R17. about the difference between, and the terms associated with, sex, gender identity and sexual orientation	1	2	3	4 5	6				6				6	1 2	3	4	6	1				6			5 6

R18. how to recognise bullying and abuse in all its forms (including prejudice-based bullying both in person, online and through social media)	1 2 3 4	36	1 2		5 6	1			1	2 3	4 5 6	1 2		4 5 6	1 2		
R19. that two people who love and care for one another can be in a committed relationship and not be married or in a civil partnership	1 2 3 4	5 6	1 2			1			1	2 3	4 🚺 8	1 2		4 5 6	1 2		
R20. that forcing anyone to marry is a crime; that support is available to protect and prevent people from being forced into marriage and to know how to get support for themself or others	1 2 3 4	5 6	1 2			1			1	2 3	4 5 6	5 1 2		4 5 6	1 2		
R21. to understand personal boundaries; to identify what they are willing to share with their most special people; friends; classmates and others; and that we all have rights to privacy	1 2 3 4	5 6	1 2	2 3 4	5 6	1	2 3	4 5 6	1	2 3	4 5 6	1 2	3 -	4 5 6	1 2	2 3	4 5 6
Living in the Wider World	VIPs		Sa	afety F	irst	Res	pectin	g Rights	G	rowin	g Up	Thi	nk Po	sitive	0	ne W	V orld
L1. to research, discuss and debate topical issues, problems and events that are of concern to them and offer their recommendations to appropriate people	1 2 3 4	5 6	1 2			10	2 3		1	2 3	4 5 6	1 2		4 5 6	1 C	2(3	
L2. why and how rules and laws that protect them and others are made and enforced, why different rules are needed in different situations and how to take part in making and changing rules	1 2 3 4	5 6	1 2			1	2 3		1	2 3	4 5 6	5 1 2		4 5 6	1 2		
L3. to understand that there are basic human rights shared by all peoples and all societies and that children have their own special rights set out in the United Nations Declaration of the Rights of the Child	1 2 3 4	5 6	1 2			90	2 3(4 5 6	1	2 3	4 5 6	6 1 2		4 5 6	10	2(3	
L4. that these universal rights are there to protect everyone and have primacy both over national law and family and community practices	1 2 3 4	5 6	1 2			0	2 3	4 5 6	1	2 3	4 5 6	1 2		4 5 6	1 2		
L5. to know that there are some cultural practices which are against British law and universal human rights, such as female genital mutilation (FGM)	1 2 3 4	5 6	1 2			1			1	2 3	4 5 6	1 2		4 5 6	1 2		
L6. to realise the consequences of anti-social, aggressive and harmful behaviours such as bullying and discrimination of individuals and communities; to develop strategies for getting support for themselves or for others at risk	1 2 3 4	3 6	1 2			1		4 5 6	1	2 3	4 5 6	5 1 2		4 5 6	1 2		
L7. that they have different kinds of responsibilities, rights and duties at home, at school, in the community and towards the environment; to continue to develop the skills to exercise these responsibilities	1 2 3 4	5 6	1 2			1			1	2 3	4 5 6	5 1 2		4 5 6	1 2		4 5 6
L8. to resolve differences by looking at alternatives, seeing and respecting others' points of view, making decisions and explaining choices	1 2 3 4	5 6							1	2 3	4 5 6	1 2		4 5 6	1 2		
L9. what being part of a community means, and about the varied institutions that support communities locally and nationally	1 2 3 4	5 6	1 2			1			1	2 3	4 5 6	1 2		4 5 6	1 2		
L10. to recognise the role of voluntary, community and pressure groups, especially in relation to health and wellbeing	1 2 3 4	5 6	1 2			1			1	2 3	4 5 6	1 2		4 5 6	1 2		4 5 6
L11. to appreciate the range of national, regional, religious and ethnic identities in the United Kingdom	1 2 3 4	5 6	1 2			1			1	2 3	4 5 6	1 2		4 5 6	1 2		

L12. to consider the lives of people living in other places, and people with different values and customs	1	2	3	4 5	6			5 1		6	1	2 3	4	5 (6 1			6) 2(30	4 5 6
L13. about the role money plays in their own and others' lives, including how to manage their money and about being a critical consumer	1	2	3	4 5	6			5 1		6	1	2 3	4	5 (5 1			6			4 5 6
L14. to develop an initial understanding of the concepts of 'interest', 'loan', 'debt', and 'tax' (e.g. their contribution to society through the payment of VAT)	1	2	3	4 5	6			5 1		6	1	2 3	4	5 (5 1			6			4 5 6
L15. that resources can be allocated in different ways and that these economic choices affect individuals, communities and the sustainability of the environment across the world	1	2	3	4 5	6			5 1		6		2 3		5 (1			6		3	4 5 6
L16. what is meant by enterprise and begin to develop enterprise skills	1	2	3	4 5	6			1		6	1	2 3	4	5 (1			6			4 5 6
L17. to explore and critique how the media present information	1	2	3	4 5	6			1		6	1	2 3	4	5 (1			6			4 5 6
L18. to critically examine what is presented to them in social media and why it is important to do so; understand how information contained in social media can misrepresent or mislead; the importance of being careful what they forward to others	1	2	3	4 5	6		5 G	1		6	1	2 3	4	5 (1			6			4 5 6
Cc. to face new challenges positively by collecting information, looking for help, making responsible choices, and taking action	1	2	3	4 5	6			5 1		6	1	2 3	4	5 (5 1		‡ 5 (6			4 5 6
Ce. about the range of jobs carried out by people they know, and to understand how they can develop skills to make their own contribution in the future	1	2	3	4 5	6			5 1		6	1	2 3	4	5 (5 1			6			4 5 6
Cg. what democracy is, and about the basic institutions that support it locally and nationally	1	2	3	4 5	6	3		5 1		6	1	2 3	4	5 (5 1			6			4 5 6

PSHE Association Coverage PSHE and Citizenship Year 5						PU
Health and Wellbeing	TEAM	It's My Body	Britain	Be Yourself	Aiming High	Money Matters
H1. what positively and negatively affects their physical, mental and emotional health	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 23 4 56	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
H2. how to make informed choices (including recognising that choices can have positive, neutral and negative consequences) and to begin to understand the concept of a 'balanced lifestyle'	123456	123 4 56	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 🤁 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
H3. to recognise opportunities and develop the skills to make their own choices about food, understanding what might influence their choices and the benefits of eating a balanced diet	123456	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
H4. to recognise how images in the media (and online) do not always reflect reality and can affect how people feel about themselves	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
H5. to reflect on and celebrate their achievements, identify their strengths and areas for improvement, set high aspirations and goals	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	① 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
H6. to deepen their understanding of good and not so good feelings, to extend their vocabulary to enable them to explain both the range and intensity of their feelings to others	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 23 2 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
H7. to recognise that they may experience conflicting emotions and when they might need to listen to, or overcome these	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
H8. about change, including transitions (between key stages and schools), loss, separation, divorce and bereavement	1 2 3 4 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
H9. to differentiate between the terms, 'risk', 'danger' and 'hazard'	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
H10. to recognise, predict and assess risks in different situations and decide how to manage them responsibly (including sensible road use and risks in their local environment) and to use this as an opportunity to build resilience	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
H11. to recognise how their increasing independence brings increased responsibility to keep themselves and others safe	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
H12. that bacteria and viruses can affect health and that following simple routines can reduce their spread	1 2 🔇 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
H13. how pressure to behave in unacceptable, unhealthy or risky ways can come from a variety of sources, including people they know and the media	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6

H14. to recognise when they need help and to develop the skills to ask for help; to use basic techniques for resisting pressure to do something dangerous, unhealthy, that makes them uncomfortable or anxious or that they think is wrong	1	2	3 (4	5	6 1					1	2 (3	4 🚺) 6	1	2	3 4	5	6 1				5 6	1			1 5 6
H15. school rules about health and safety, basic emergency aid procedures, where and how to get help	1	2	3 4	5	6 1					1				6	1	2	3 4	5	6 1				5 6	1			1 5 6
H16. what is meant by the term 'habit' and why habits can be hard to change	1	2	3 4	5	6 1		3(4						6		2	3 4	5	6 1								1 5 6
H17. which, why and how, commonly available substances and drugs (including alcohol, tobacco and 'energy drinks') can damage their immediate and future health and safety; that some are restricted and some are illegal to own, use and give to others	1	2	3 4	5	6 1		3(4		5 1				6	1	2	3 4	· 5	6 1				5 6	1			1 5 6
H18. how their body will, and their emotions may, change as they approach and move through puberty	1	2	3 4	5	6 1					1				6	1	2	3 4	5	6 1				5 6	1			1 5 6
H19. about human reproduction	1	2	3 4	5	6 1									6		2	3 4	5	6 1								1 5 6
H20. about taking care of their body, understanding that they have the right to protect their body from inappropriate and unwanted contact; understanding that actions such as female genital mutilation (FGM) constitute abuse and are a crime, and develop the skills and strategies required to get support if they have fears for themselves or their peers	1	2	3 4	5 (5 1) 2				5 1				6	1	2	3 4	5	6 1				5 6	1			1 5 6
H21. strategies for keeping physically and emotionally safe including road safety (including cycle safety - the Bikeability programme), and safety in the environment (including rail, water and fire safety)	1	2	3 4	5	6 1					5 1				6	1	2	3 4	· 5	6 1				5 6	1			1 5 6
H22. strategies for keeping safe online; the importance of protecting personal information, including passwords, addresses and the distribution of images of themselves and others	1	2	3 4	5	5 1					1				6	1	2	3 4	- 5	6 1					1			1 5 6
H23. about people who are responsible for helping them stay healthy and safe; how they can help these people to keep them healthy and safe	1	2	3 4	5	6 1					5 1				6	1	2	3 4	5	6 1				5 6	1			1 5 6
H24. the responsible use of mobile phones: safe keeping (looking after it) and safe user habits (time limits, use of passcode, turning it off at night etc.)	1	2	3 4	5	6 1					1				6	1	2	3 4	5	6 1				5 6	1			1 5 6
H25. how to manage requests for images of themselves or others; what is and is not appropriate to ask for or share; who to talk to if they feel uncomfortable or are concerned by such a request	1	2	3 4	5 (6 1	2	3	4	5 6	1	2	3	4 5	6	1	2	3 4	ļ 5	6 1	2	3	4	5 6	1	2	3 4	1 5 6
Relationships		TI	EAN			lt's	Му	Во	dy			3rita	in		E	3e Y	our	self		Aim	ning	Hiç	gh	Mc	ney	Ma	atters
R1. to recognise and respond appropriately to a wider range of feelings in others	1(2	3 4	5	6 1					1	2	3	4 5	6	1	2	3 4	5	6 1				5 6	1	2	3 4	1 5 6
R2. to recognise what constitutes a positive, healthy relationship and develop the skills to form and maintain positive and healthy relationships	1	2	3 4	5	6 1					1				6	1(2	3 4	5	6 1				5 6	1			1 5 6
R3. to recognise ways in which a relationship can be unhealthy and whom to talk to if they need support	1	2	3 4	5	3 1) 2				1				6	1	2	3 4	3	6 1				5 6	1			1 5 6

R4. to recognise different types of relationship, including those between acquaintances, friends, relatives and families	1 2	3	4 5 6	5 1			1		5 6	1	2 3	4	5 6	1		5 6	1		5 6
R5. that civil partnerships and marriage are examples of a public demonstration of the commitment made between two people who love and care for each other and want to spend their lives together and who are of the legal age to make that commitment	4 0	3	4 5 6	5 1			1		5 6	1	2 3	4	5 6			5 6	1		5 6
R6. that marriage is a commitment freely entered into by both people, that no one should marry if they don't absolutely want to do so or are not making this decision freely for themselves		3	4 5 6	1			1		5 6	1	2 3	4	5 6	1		5 6	1		5 6
R7. that their actions affect themselves and others	00	G	4 5 6	6 1					5 6		2 3		5 6			5 6			5 6
R8. to judge what kind of physical contact is acceptable or unacceptable and how to respond	1 2	3	4 5 6	G			1		5 6	1	2 3	4	5 6	1		5 6	1		5 6
R9. the concept of 'keeping something confidential or secret', when they should or should not agree to this and when it is right to 'break a confidence' or 'share a secret'	1 2	3	4 5 6	9					5 6		2 3		5 6			5 6			5 6
R10. to listen and respond respectfully to a wide range of people, to feel confident to raise their own concerns, to recognise and care about other people's feelings and to try to see, respect and if necessary constructively challenge others' points of view		3	4 3 6	5 1			1		5 6	1	2 3	4	5 6	1		5 6	1		5 6
R11. to work collaboratively towards shared goals	99	3	4 5 6	1			1		5 6	1	2 3	4	5 6	1	4(5 6	1		5 6
R12. to develop strategies to resolve disputes and conflict through negotiation and appropriate compromise and to give rich and constructive feedback and support to benefit others as well as themselves	1 2	3(4 3 6	5 1			1		5 6		23		5 6			5 6	1		5 6
R13. that differences and similarities between people arise from a number of factors, including family, cultural, ethnic, racial and religious diversity, age, sex, gender identity, sexual orientation, and disability (see 'protected characteristics' in the Equality Act 2010)		3	4 5 6	1			1		5 6	1	2 3	4	5 6	1		5 6	1		5 6
R14. to realise the nature and consequences of discrimination, teasing, bullying and aggressive behaviours (including cyber bullying, use of prejudice-based language, 'trolling', how to respond and ask for help)	1 2	3	4 5 6	5 1			1		5 6	1	2 3	4	5 6	1		5 6	1		5 6
R15. to recognise and manage 'dares'	1 2	3	4 5 6	1					5 6		2 3	40	5 6			5 6	1		5 6
R16. to recognise and challenge stereotypes	1 2	3	4 5 6	5 1	3 4	5 6			5 6		2 3		5 6		4	5 6	1		5 6
R17. about the difference between, and the terms associated with, sex, gender identity and sexual orientation	1 2	3	4 5 6	5 1			1		5 6	1	2 3	4	5 6	1		5 6	1		5 6
R18. how to recognise bullying and abuse in all its forms (including prejudice-based bullying both in person, online and through social media)	1 2	3	4 5 6	5 1			1		5 6	1	2 3	4	5 6	1		5 6	1_		5 6

R19. that two people who love and care for one another can be in a committed relationship and not be married or in a civil partnership	1 2	3 4 5 6	5 1 :		5 6			1	2 3	4 5 6	6 1 2			1 2		4 5 6
R20. that forcing anyone to marry is a crime; that support is available to protect and prevent people from being forced into marriage and to know how to get support for themself or others	1 2	3 4 5 6	5 1 2		5 6			1	2 3	4 5 (6 1 2			1 2		4 5 6
R21. to understand personal boundaries; to identify what they are willing to share with their most special people; friends; classmates and others; and that we all have rights to privacy	1 2	3 4 5 6	1		5 6			1	2 3	4 5 (6 1 2					4 5 6
Living in the Wider World	٦	ТЕАМ	lt's	s My Bod	у	Bri	tain	١	Be Yoι	ırself	Ai	ming	High	Mon	ey N	l atters
L1. to research, discuss and debate topical issues, problems and events that are of concern to them and offer their recommendations to appropriate people	1 2	3 4 5 6	6 1 3		5 6			1	2 3	4 5 6	6 1 2			1 2		4 5 6
L2. why and how rules and laws that protect them and others are made and enforced, why different rules are needed in different situations and how to take part in making and changing rules	O 2	3 4 5 6	5 1 :		5 6	1 2 3	4 5 6	1	2 3	4 5 (6 1 2			1 2		4 5 6
L3. to understand that there are basic human rights shared by all peoples and all societies and that children have their own special rights set out in the United Nations Declaration of the Rights of the Child	1 2	3 4 5 6	5 1 2		5 6	9 2 3	45 6	1	2 3	4 5 (6 1 2			1 2		4 5 6
L4. that these universal rights are there to protect everyone and have primacy both over national law and family and community practices	1 2	3 4 5 6	5 1 :		5 6			1	2 3	4 5 6	6 1 2			1 2		4 5 6
L5. to know that there are some cultural practices which are against British law and universal human rights, such as female genital mutilation (FGM)	1 2	3 4 5 6	6 1 :		5 6			1	2 3	4 5 (6 1 2			1 2		4 5 6
L6. to realise the consequences of anti-social, aggressive and harmful behaviours such as bullying and discrimination of individuals and communities; to develop strategies for getting support for themselves or for others at risk	1 2	3 4 5 6	6 1 :		5 6	1 2 3	4 5 6	1	2 3	4 5 (6 1 2			1 2		4 5 6
L7. that they have different kinds of responsibilities, rights and duties at home, at school, in the community and towards the environment; to continue to develop the skills to exercise these responsibilities	1 2	3 4 5 6	1 ;		5 6	1 2 3		1	2 3	4 5 (6 1 2			1 2		4 5 6
L8. to resolve differences by looking at alternatives, seeing and respecting others' points of view, making decisions and explaining choices	1 2	3 6	5 1 :		5 6			1	2 3	4 5 (6 1 2			1 2		4 5 6
L9. what being part of a community means, and about the varied institutions that support communities locally and nationally	1 2	3 4 5 6	6 1 3		5 6	12 3	4 5	1	2 3	4 5 (6 1 2			1 2		4 5 6
L10. to recognise the role of voluntary, community and pressure groups, especially in relation to health and wellbeing	1 2	3 4 5 6	1 :		5 6		4 5	1	2 3	4 5 6	6 1 2			1 2		4 5 6
L11. to appreciate the range of national, regional, religious and ethnic identities in the United Kingdom	1 2	3 4 5 6	1 :		5 6	(1) 3		1	2 3	4 5 6	6 1 2			1 2		4 5 6
L12. to consider the lives of people living in other places, and people with different values and customs	1 2	3 4 5 6	6 1 3		5 6		4 5 6	1	2 3	4 5 6	6 1 2			1 2		4 5 6

L13. about the role money plays in their own and others' lives, including how to manage their money and about being a critical consumer	1	2 3 4 5 6	6			6 1			5 6	1	2 3	3 4	5 6	1			5 6	90	23	4 5 6
L14. to develop an initial understanding of the concepts of 'interest', 'loan', 'debt', and 'tax' (e.g. their contribution to society through the payment of VAT)	1	2 3 4 5 6	6			6 1			5 6	1	2 3		5 6	1			5 6	1		4 5 6
L15. that resources can be allocated in different ways and that these economic choices affect individuals, communities and the sustainability of the environment across the world	1	2 3 4 5 6	6			6 1			5 6	1	2 3	3 4	5 6	1			5 6	90	23	456
L16. what is meant by enterprise and begin to develop enterprise skills	1	2 3 4 5 6	6			6 1			5 6	1	2 3		5 6			4(5 6	1		
L17. to explore and critique how the media present information	1	2 3 4 5 6	6		G (6 1			5 6	1	2 3	3 4	5 6	1			5 6	1		
L18. to critically examine what is presented to them in social media and why it is important to do so; understand how information contained in social media can misrepresent or mislead; the importance of being careful what they forward to others	1	2 3 4 5 6	6			6 1			5 6	1	2 3	3 4	5 6	1			5 6	1		
Cc. to face new challenges positively by collecting information, looking for help, making responsible choices, and taking action	1	2 3 4 5 6	6			6 1			5 6	1	2 3	Q	50	00	2(3	Q (5 6	1		
Ce. about the range of jobs carried out by people they know, and to understand how they can develop skills to make their own contribution in the future	1	2 3 4 5 6	6			6 1			5 6	1	2 3	3 4	5 6	1	23	4	5 6	1		
Cg. what democracy is, and about the basic institutions that support it locally and nationally	1	2 3 4 5 6	6			6 1	2	3(4(5 6	1	2 3	3 4	5 6	1			5 6	1		

PSHE Association Coverage PSHE and Citizenship Year 6						
Health and Wellbeing	VIPs	Safety First	Respecting Rights	Growing Up	Think Positive	One World
H1. what positively and negatively affects their physical, mental and emotional health	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	023456	1 2 3 4 5 6
H2. how to make informed choices (including recognising that choices can have positive, neutral and negative consequences) and to begin to understand the concept of a 'balanced lifestyle'	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
H3. to recognise opportunities and develop the skills to make their own choices about food, understanding what might influence their choices and the benefits of eating a balanced diet	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
H4. to recognise how images in the media (and online) do not always reflect reality and can affect how people feel about themselves	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
H5. to reflect on and celebrate their achievements, identify their strengths and areas for improvement, set high aspirations and goals	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
H6. to deepen their understanding of good and not so good feelings, to extend their vocabulary to enable them to explain both the range and intensity of their feelings to others	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	12 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
H7. to recognise that they may experience conflicting emotions and when they might need to listen to, or overcome these	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
H8. about change, including transitions (between key stages and schools), loss, separation, divorce and bereavement	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
H9. to differentiate between the terms, 'risk', 'danger' and 'hazard'	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
H10. to recognise, predict and assess risks in different situations and decide how to manage them responsibly (including sensible road use and risks in their local environment) and to use this as an opportunity to build resilience	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
H11. to recognise how their increasing independence brings increased responsibility to keep themselves and others safe	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
H12. that bacteria and viruses can affect health and that following simple routines can reduce their spread	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 🗲 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
H13. how pressure to behave in unacceptable, unhealthy or risky ways can come from a variety of sources, including people they know and the media	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6

H14. to recognise when they need help and to develop the skills to ask for help; to use basic techniques for resisting pressure to do something dangerous, unhealthy, that makes them uncomfortable or anxious or that they think is wrong	1	2	3 6 5	6			4 5	6 1				1	2	3 4	5 6	5 1				6 1				6
H15. school rules about health and safety, basic emergency aid procedures, where and how to get help	1	2	3 4 5	6		3	5	6 1				1	2	3 4	5 6	5 1				6 1				6
H16. what is meant by the term 'habit' and why habits can be hard to change	1	2	3 4 5	6				6 1				1	2	3 4	5 6	1				6 1				6
H17. which, why and how, commonly available substances and drugs (including alcohol, tobacco and 'energy drinks') can damage their immediate and future health and safety; that some are restricted and some are illegal to own, use and give to others	1	2	3 4 5	6				6 1				3 1	2	3 4	5 6	5 1				6 1				6
H18. how their body will, and their emotions may, change as they approach and move through puberty	1	2	3 4 5	6				6 1				1	3	3 4	5 6	5 1				6 1				6
H19. about human reproduction	1	2	3 4 5	6				6 1				1	2	3 4	GC	1				6 1				6
H20. about taking care of their body, understanding that they have the right to protect their body from inappropriate and unwanted contact; understanding that actions such as female genital mutilation (FGM) constitute abuse and are a crime, and develop the skills and strategies required to get support if they have fears for themselves or their peers	1	2	3 4 5	6				6 1				1	2	3 4	5 6	5 1				6 1				6
H21. strategies for keeping physically and emotionally safe including road safety (including cycle safety - the Bikeability programme), and safety in the environment (including rail, water and fire safety)	1	2	3 4 5	6	1 📿	3	5	6 1				1	2	3 4	5 6	1				6 1				6
H22. strategies for keeping safe online; the importance of protecting personal information, including passwords, addresses and the distribution of images of themselves and others	1	2	3 4 5	6			4 (5 (6 1				1	2	3 4	5 6	5 1				6 1				6
H23. about people who are responsible for helping them stay healthy and safe; how they can help these people to keep them healthy and safe	1	2	3 4 5	6		3	5	6 1				1	2	3 4	5 6	5 1				6 1				6
H24. the responsible use of mobile phones: safe keeping (looking after it) and safe user habits (time limits, use of passcode, turning it off at night etc.)	1	2	3 4 5	6			4 5	6 1				1	2	3 4	5 6	5 1				6 1				6
H25. how to manage requests for images of themselves or others; what is and is not appropriate to ask for or share; who to talk to if they feel uncomfortable or are concerned by such a request	1	2	3 4 5	6			4 3 (6 1				1	2	3 4	5 6	5 1				6 1				6
Relationships		١	VIPs		Saf	ety	First	Re	spec	ting	Right	s	Grov	ving	Up	Th	ink	Pos	sitive)	On	e W	orld	
R1. to recognise and respond appropriately to a wider range of feelings in others	1(9	3 4 5	6	1 2	3	4 5	6 1	2 3	3 4	5 (1	2	3 4	5 6	1	2	3 4	5	6 1	2	3	4 5	6
R2. to recognise what constitutes a positive, healthy relationship and develop the skills to form and maintain positive and healthy relationships	O	2	3 4 5	6				6 1				1	2	3 4	5 6	1				6 1				6
R3. to recognise ways in which a relationship can be unhealthy and whom to talk to if they need support	1	2	3 4 (3)	9				6 1				1	2	3 4	5 6	6 1				6 1				6

R4. to recognise different types of relationship, including those between acquaintances, friends, relatives and families	O 2 3 4 5O	1 2 3 4 5 6		1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
R5. that civil partnerships and marriage are examples of a public demonstration of the commitment made between two people who love and care for each other and want to spend their lives together and who are of the legal age to make that commitment	123450	6 1 2 3 4 5 6	5 1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
R6. that marriage is a commitment freely entered into by both people, that no one should marry if they don't absolutely want to do so or are not making this decision freely for themselves	1 2 3 4 5 6	6 1 2 3 4 5 6	δ 1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
R7. that their actions affect themselves and others	() (2) 3 4 5 (1 2 3 4 5 6		1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
R8. to judge what kind of physical contact is acceptable or unacceptable and how to respond	1 2 3 4 5 6	6 1 2 3 4 5 6	5 1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
R9. the concept of 'keeping something confidential or secret', when they should or should not agree to this and when it is right to 'break a confidence' or 'share a secret'	1 2 3 4 📑	6 1 2 3 4 5 6	5 1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
R10. to listen and respond respectfully to a wide range of people, to feel confident to raise their own concerns, to recognise and care about other people's feelings and to try to see, respect and if necessary constructively challenge others' points of view	1 2 3 4 5 (6 1 2 3 4 5 6	6 1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
R11. to work collaboratively towards shared goals	1 2 3 4 5 (6 1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
R12. to develop strategies to resolve disputes and conflict through negotiation and appropriate compromise and to give rich and constructive feedback and support to benefit others as well as themselves	1 2 3 4 5 (6 1 2 3 4 5 6		1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
R13. that differences and similarities between people arise from a number of factors, including family, cultural, ethnic, racial and religious diversity, age, sex, gender identity, sexual orientation, and disability (see 'protected characteristics' in the Equality Act 2010)	1 2 3 4 5 (6 1 (2 3 4 5 6	6 1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
R14. to realise the nature and consequences of discrimination, teasing, bullying and aggressive behaviours (including cyber bullying, use of prejudice-based language, 'trolling', how to respond and ask for help)	1 2 3 4 5 6	6 1 2 3 4 5 6	3 1 2 3 4 (5)	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
R15. to recognise and manage 'dares'	1 2 3 4 5 (1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
R16. to recognise and challenge stereotypes	1 2 3 4 5 (6 1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
R17. about the difference between, and the terms associated with, sex, gender identity and sexual orientation	1 2 3 4 5 6	6 1 2 3 4 5 6	5 1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
R18. how to recognise bullying and abuse in all its forms (including prejudice-based bullying both in person, online and through social media)	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6

R19. that two people who love and care for one another can be in a committed relationship and not be married or in a civil partnership	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	5 1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
R20. that forcing anyone to marry is a crime; that support is available to protect and prevent people from being forced into marriage and to know how to get support for themself or others	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	6 1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
R21. to understand personal boundaries; to identify what they are willing to share with their most special people; friends; classmates and others; and that we all have rights to privacy	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 -5 6	6 1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
Living in the Wider World	VIPs	Safety First	Respecting Rights	Growing Up	Think Positive	One World
L1. to research, discuss and debate topical issues, problems and events that are of concern to them and offer their recommendations to appropriate people	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
L2. why and how rules and laws that protect them and others are made and enforced, why different rules are needed in different situations and how to take part in making and changing rules	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	5 1 2 3 4 (5 (6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	
L3. to understand that there are basic human rights shared by all peoples and all societies and that children have their own special rights set out in the United Nations Declaration of the Rights of the Child	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	6 ()(2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	2 3 4 5 6
L4. that these universal rights are there to protect everyone and have primacy both over national law and family and community practices	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	G 2 G 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	
L5. to know that there are some cultural practices which are against British law and universal human rights, such as female genital mutilation (FGM)	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
L6. to realise the consequences of anti-social, aggressive and harmful behaviours such as bullying and discrimination of individuals and communities; to develop strategies for getting support for themselves or for others at risk	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	5 1 2 3 4 (5 (6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	
L7. that they have different kinds of responsibilities, rights and duties at home, at school, in the community and towards the environment; to continue to develop the skills to exercise these responsibilities	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	6 1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	J23456
L8. to resolve differences by looking at alternatives, seeing and respecting others' points of view, making decisions and explaining choices	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	
L9. what being part of a community means, and about the varied institutions that support communities locally and nationally	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	5 1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	
L10. to recognise the role of voluntary, community and pressure groups, especially in relation to health and wellbeing	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	5 1 2 3 4 5 G	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	
L11. to appreciate the range of national, regional, religious and ethnic identities in the United Kingdom	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	5 1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	
L12. to consider the lives of people living in other places, and people with different values and customs	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	

L13. about the role money plays in their own and others' lives, including how to manage their money and about being a critical consumer	1	2	3	4 5	6			6			1	2 3	3 4	5 6	1		5 6	1			1 5 6
L14. to develop an initial understanding of the concepts of 'interest', 'loan', 'debt', and 'tax' (e.g. their contribution to society through the payment of VAT)	1	2	3	4 5	6			6			1	2 3		5 6	1		5 6				1 5 6
L15. that resources can be allocated in different ways and that these economic choices affect individuals, communities and the sustainability of the environment across the world	1	2	3	4 5	6			6			1	2 3	3 4	5 6	1		5 6	1(2	3(2	1 6
L16. what is meant by enterprise and begin to develop enterprise skills	1	2	3	4 5	6			6			1	2 3		5 6	1		5 6				1 5 6
L17. to explore and critique how the media present information	1	2	3	4 5	6			6			1	20	4	5 6	1		5 6	1			1 5 6
L18. to critically examine what is presented to them in social media and why it is important to do so; understand how information contained in social media can misrepresent or mislead; the importance of being careful what they forward to others	1	2	3	4 5	6			6			1	2 C	4	5 6	1		5 6	1			1 5 6
Cc. to face new challenges positively by collecting information, looking for help, making responsible choices, and taking action	1	2	3	4 5	6			6			1	2 3	3 4	5 6	1		56	1			1 5 6
Ce. about the range of jobs carried out by people they know, and to understand how they can develop skills to make their own contribution in the future	1	2	3	4 5	6			6			1	2 3	3 4	5 6	1		5 6	1			1 5 6
Cg. what democracy is, and about the basic institutions that support it locally and nationally	1	2	3	4 5	6			6			1	2 3	3 4	5 6	1		5 6	1			1 5 6